Macroeconomic policy (A level)

Multiple choice questions by topic with answers

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- · Policies towards developing economies; policies of trade and aid
- Government macroeconomic intervention

In country X the government aims to protect jobs.

Which policy is most likely to succeed?

- A decrease restrictions on immigrant labour
- B decrease subsidies to domestic producers
- C increase general tariffs on imports
- D remove quotas on imports

Answer C

Government economic advisers disagree over the relative impact of fiscal and monetary controls.

What is most likely to be the first stage at which a time lag will occur?

- A in the introduction of the chosen policy
- B in the operational effectiveness of the policy
- C in the recognition of the existence of the problem
- D in the selection of the appropriate policy

Answer D

Which policy pursued by a central bank represents a contractionary monetary policy?

- A a reduction in the interest rate at which it will lend to banks
- B a reduction in the minimum cash to deposit ratios of banks
- C the purchase of foreign currency to influence the country's exchange rate
- D the sale of government bonds in the open market

Answer D

Which policy's principal aim is to ensure sound public finances?

- A environmental policy
- B fiscal policy
- C monetary policy
- D supply-side policy

Answer B

What is most likely to be an appropriate government action to reduce both a balance of payments current account surplus and the rate of inflation?

- A decrease the rate of interest
- **B** devalue the currency

Answer D

- C increase direct taxes
- D remove tariffs on imports
 - Which combination of policies is most likely to increase output?

	fiscal policy	monetary policy
Α	decrease budget deficit	decrease interest rates
В	decrease budget deficit	increase interest rates
С	increase budget deficit	decrease interest rates
D	increase budget deficit	increase interest rates

Answer C